

Conforms to ANSI Z400.1-2010 Standard - HCS 2012

Protective Clothing	General Hazard	DOT
Consult your supervisor or S.O.P. for special handling	(1)	

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name :	ACRYLITHANE BRUSH/ROLL RETARDER CLEAR
Product identity :	08DJB00000, 21099
Product type :	thinner

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Field of application :	buildings and metal industry.
Identified uses :	Industrial/Professional use
TSCA :	Unless otherwise stated. All components are listed or exempted.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company details :	HEMPEL (USA), Inc. 600 Conroe Park North Drive Conroe, Texas 77303 Toll free: (800) 678-6641, if outside area codes 713, 281, 409, 936 Regular phone number: (936) 523-6000 E-mail Hempel@Hempel.com	HEMPEL (USA), Inc. 2728 Empire Central Dallas, TX 75235 Phone number: 1-214-353-1600 E-mail: hempel@hempel.com
1.4 Emergency telephone numbe	r (with hours of operation)	
For Transportation Emergencies :	CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (Toll-free in the second s	he U.S., Canada and the U.S. Virgin I

For Transportation Emergencies : (24 hours)	CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (Toll-free in the U.S., Canada and the U.S. Virgin Islands) 703-527-3887 For calls originating elsewhere (Collect calls are accepted). Contract number: CCN10384 To preserve the effectiveness of arrangements for providing accurate and timely emergency response information, the basic identifying information (shipper name or contract number) must be included on shipping papers. If the purchaser of this product is going to be shipping this product to other locations, the purchaser must arrange for its own Emergency Information Provider to respond to transport incidents. Hempel's 24 hour response contract does not cover non-Hempel shipments.
For all other information :	In USA toll free calling available: 1-800- 678-6641 or (936)-523-6000
(8 AM - 5 PM CST)	See Section 4 of the safety data sheet (first aid measures).

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA/HCS status :	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
GHS Classification :	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word :



SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard statements :	 H227 - Combustible liquid. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS))
Precautionary statements :	
Prevention :	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response :	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage :	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal :	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements :	None known.

2.3 Other hazards

Hazards not otherwise classified : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product definition :	Mixture
Physical state :	Liquid.

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	GHS Classification
2-butoxyethyl acetate	112-07-2	≥10 - ≤25	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
hydrocarbons C10, aromatics, > 1% naphthalene	64742-94-5	≥10 - ≤25	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
naphthalene	91-20-3	≥1 - ≤3	FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
white spirit	64742-88-7	≥1 - ≤3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
toluene	108-88-3	<1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.



SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General :	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
	If breathing is irregular, drowsiness, loss of consciousness or cramps: Call 911 and give immediate treatment (first aid).
Eye contact :	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 5 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.
Inhalation :	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Give nothing by mouth. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Skin contact :	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion :	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Lower the head so that vomit will not re-enter the mouth and throat.
Protection of first-aiders :	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Inhalation :	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.			
Skin contact :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Ingestion :	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.			
Over-exposure signs/symptoms				
Eye contact :	No specific data.			
Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness			
Skin contact :	No specific data.			
Ingestion :	No specific data.			

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician :	Not applicable.
Specific treatments :	No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO₂, powders, water spray. Not to be used: waterjet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture :	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products :	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters



SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid inhalation of vapour, dust and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in area where this material is handled, stored and processed. Appropriate personal protective equipment: see Section 8. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials and ignition sources. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from: Oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers that are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See separate Product Data Sheet for recommendations or industrial sector specific solutions.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
2-butoxyethyl acetate	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 33 mg/m³ 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
naphthalene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 52 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). STEL: 75 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.



SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
white spirit	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 400 mg/m³ 8 hours.
toluene	OSHA PEL ZZ (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	CEIL: 300 ppm
	AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 560 mg/m³ 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide local exhaust and general ventilation systems to maintain airborne concentrations below OSHA, ACGIH, and manufacturer recommended exposure limits. Local exhaust ventilation is preferred because it prevents contaminant dispersion into work areas by controlling it at its source. Use local and general exhaust ventilation to effectively remove and prevent buildup of mists/vapors/fumes generated from the handling of this product.

Note: Local exhaust ventilation is designed to capture an emitted contaminant at or near its source, before the contaminant has a chance to disperse into the workplace air. General exhaust ventilation, also called dilution ventilation, is different from local exhaust ventilation because instead of capturing emissions at their source and removing them from the air, general exhaust ventilation allows the contaminant to be emitted into the workplace air and then dilutes the concentration of the contaminant to an acceptable level (e.g., to the PEL or below).

Individual protection measures

•	
General :	Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. Safety eyewear should be used when there is a likelihood of exposure.
Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling compounds and before eating, smoking, using lavatory, and at the end of day.
Eye/face protection :	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Hand protection :	Wear chemical-resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training. The quality of the chemical-resistant protective gloves must be chosen as a function of the specific workplace concentrations and quantity of hazardous substances.
	Since the actual work situation is unknown. Supplier of gloves should be contacted in order to find the appropriate type. Below listed glove(s) should be regarded as generic advice:
	Recommended: Silver Shield / Barrier / 4H gloves, nitrile rubber, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® Short term exposure: neoprene rubber, butyl rubber, natural rubber (latex), polyvinyl chloride (PVC)
Body protection :	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved handling this product.



SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection : If working areas have insufficient ventilation, wear half or totally covering mask equipped with gas filter of type Organic Vapor, when grinding use particle filter of type P95, P99 or P100. When spraying use a combined filter (organic vapor / HEPA or organic vapor / P100 type). Be sure to use approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Always wear an air-fed respirator when spraying in a continuous and prolonged work situation (e.g. hood with supply of fresh or compressed air or a full face, powered air purifying filter).

Protective clothing (pictograms) :

Consult your supervisor or S.O.P. for special handling

Note: Application of paint products by spraying requires additional safety precautions: Full body suit, Full face respirator with air supplied.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state :	Liquid.
Color :	Clear
Odor :	Solvent-like
pH :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Melting point/freezing point :	-77°C This is based on data for the following ingredient: 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate
Boiling point/boiling range :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Flash point :	Closed cup: 77°C (170.6°F)
Evaporation rate :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Flammability :	Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat and oxidizing materials. Slightly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: reducing materials.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits :	0.5 - 10.7 vol %
Vapor pressure :	0 kPa This is based on data for the following ingredient: 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate
Vapor density :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Relative density :	0.945 g/cm³
Solubility(ies) :	Partially soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient (LogKow) :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Auto-ignition temperature :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Decomposition temperature :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Viscosity :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Explosive properties :	Explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.
Oxidizing properties :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
9.2 Other information	

Solvent(s) % by weight99.5 % (w/w)(Included excempt solvent(s)):Weighted average: 0 %VOC content (Coatings) :7.85 lbs/gal (940.5 g/l)VOC content (Regulatory) :7.85 lbs/gal (940.5 g/l)TOC Content (Volatile) :Weighted average: 334 g/lSolvent Gas :Weighted average: 0.13 m³/l



SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials. Slightly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures (i.e. in case of fire) harmful decomposition products may be formed:

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Symptoms and signs include headaches, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Accidental swallowing may cause stomach pain. Chemical lung inflammation may occur if the product is taken into the lungs via vomiting.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-butoxyethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2400 mg/kg	-
hydrocarbons C10, aromatics, > 1% naphthalene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
naphthalene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>20 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Dermal	22337.71 mg/kg 6863 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	50.33 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams
hydrocarbons C10, aromatics, > 1% naphthalene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 microliters
naphthalene	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 0.05 Mililiters
toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit Rabbit		0.5 minutes 100 milligrams 24 hours 20 milligrams



SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Carcinogen Classification

Product/ingredient name	IARC	NTP	OSHA
naphthalene	2В	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.	-
toluene	3	-	-

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
hydrocarbons C10, aromatics, > 1% naphthalene	Category 3		Narcotic effects
white spirit	Category 3		Narcotic effects
toluene	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
white spirit	Category 1		central nervous system (CNS)
toluene	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
white spirit	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential chronic health effects

Other information :

No additional known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

When spilled, this product may act as an oil, causing a film, sheen, emulsion, or sludge at or beneath the surface of a body of water. Oils of any kind can cause: (a) drowning of waterfowl due to lack of buoyancy, loss of insulating capacity of feathers, starvation and vulnerability to predators due to lack of mobility; (b) lethal effect on fish by coating gill surfaces, preventing respiration; (c) potential fish kills resulting from alteration in biochemical oxygen demand; (d) asphyxiation of benthic life forms when floating masses become engaged with surface debris and settle on the bottom; and (e) adverse aesthetic effects of fouled shoreline and beaches.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
hydrocarbons C10, aromatics, > 1% naphthalene	Acute EC50 1 - 3 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3 - 10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2 - 5 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
naphthalene	Acute EC50 1600 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2350 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 213 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Melanotaenia fluviatilis - Larvae	96 hours
white spirit	Acute EC50 4.6 - 10 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 10 - 20 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute EC50 10 - 30 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
toluene	Chronic NOEC <500000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days

12.2 Persistence and degradability



SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Test		Result	D	ose	Inoculum
hydrocarbons C10, aromatics, > 1% naphthalene white spirit	- 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test		adily - 28 days adily - 28 days	-		-
toluene	-	100 % - Read	lily - 14 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photo	lysis	Bio	odegradability
hydrocarbons C10, aromatics, > 1% naphthalene white spirit toluene	-		-		Not readily Readily Readily	/

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-butoxyethyl acetate	1.51	-	low
hydrocarbons C10, aromatics, > 1% naphthalene	2.8 - 6.5	99 - 5780	high
naphthalene	3.4	36.5 - 168	low
white spirit	3 - 7.3	-	high
toluene	2.73	90	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient	No known data avaliable in our database.
(K _{oc}) :	
Mobility :	No known data avaliable in our database.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

The information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Refer to Section 7 and Section 8 for additional handling information and protection of employees.

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport may take place according to national regulation or DOT for transport by road and by train, IMDG for transport by sea, IATA for Air shipment. Refer to specific Dangerous Goods Transport requirements under 49CFR, ICAO and IATA.



SECTION 14: Transport information

	14.1 UN no.	14.2 Proper shipping name	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env*	Additional information
DOT Code	Not regula	ated.				Reportable quantity (naphthalene) 4558.7 lbs / 2069.7 kg [578.57 gal / 2190.1 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
TDG Code	Not regula	ated.				
SCT Code	Not regula	ated.				
IMDG Code	Not regula	ated.				
IATA Code	Not regula	ated.				

Code : Classification

PG* : Packing group

Env.* : Environmental hazards

14.6 Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

U.S. Federal regulations :

All components are active or exempted.

TSCA 8(a) PAIR: naphthalene

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are active or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: naphthalene; toluene

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: naphthalene; toluene

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Listed

Product/ingredient name	CAS number	Concentration
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate	124-17-4	52.629
2-butoxyethyl acetate	112-07-2	21.856
naphthalene	91-20-3	2.1936
toluene	108-88-3	0.53025
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5	0.40171

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances : Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

SARA 311/312 Classification :

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Product/ingredient name	%	Classification
2-butoxyethyl acetate	≥10 - ≤25	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
hydrocarbons C10, aromatics, > 1%	≥10 - ≤25	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
naphthalene		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
naphthalene	≥1 - ≤3	FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 2
		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
white spirit	≥1 - ≤3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE)
		Category 1
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
toluene	<1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE)
		Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

SARA 313 :

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Form R - Reporting requirements :	Product/ingredien	t name		CAS number	Concentration	
	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate 2-butoxyethyl acetate naphthalene		1	12-07-2	50 - 100 20 - 50 1 - 3	
Supplier notification :	Product/ingredient	t name		CAS number	Concentration	
	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate 2-butoxyethyl acetate naphthalene		1	12-07-2	50 - 100 20 - 50 1 - 3	
	Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting: None of the components are listed. Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey: None of the components are listed. Florida substances: None of the components are listed. Illinois Chemical Safety Act: None of the components are listed. Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act: None of the components are listed. Louisiana Reporting: None of the components are listed. Louisiana Spill: None of the components are listed. Massachusetts Substances: The following components are listed: NAPHTHALENE Massachusetts Spill: None of the components are listed. Michigan Critical Material: None of the components are listed. Minnesota Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed. New Jersey Spill: None of the components are listed. New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act: None of the components are listed. New Jersey Hazardous Substances: The following components are listed: GLYCOL ETHERS; 2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE; ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER ACETATE; ETHANOL, 2-BUTOXY-, ACETATE; NAPHTHALENE; TAR CAMPHOR; MOTH FLAKES; TOLUENE; TOLUOL; BENZENE, METHYL-; PHENYL METHANE; METHYL BENZENE; 2-BUTOXY ETHANOL, ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER; BUTYL CELLOSOLVE; ETHANOL, 2-BUTOXY- New York Hazardous Substances: The following components are listed: Naphthalene New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: None of the components are listed. Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances: The following components are listed. Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.					
	WARNING : This product can expose you to chemicals including Naphthalene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.					
	Product/ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level	
	naphthalene toluene	Yes. No.	No. Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	



SECTION 16: Other information

Note: In USA, consult Code of Federal Regulations, Title 29, Labor, Parts 1910 and 1915 concerning occupational safety and health standards and regulations, as well as any other applicable Federal, State or local regulations that apply to safe practices in coating operations. Warning! If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD is TOXIC.
Validated by US - HSE Products Coordinator on 1 June 2021

GHS Classification

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification		Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Nar SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) -		On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)	National Fire Pro	tection Association (U.S.A.)
Health * 3 Fire hazard 2 Physical hazards 0 Personal protection X Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) shown in this section is a suggestion. Since condition user is responsible to evaluate worker exposure conditions at the site of application and do the section.		
Abbreviations and acronyms : ANSI = American National Standards Institute HCS = Hazardous Communication System TSCA = Toxic Substances Control Act CFR = Code of federal Regulations GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals OSHA = United States Occupational Health and Safety Administration NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health ACGIH = American Conference of Industrial Hygienists IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer. NTP = National Toxicology Program ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate	OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-ope BCF = Bioconcentration Factor DOT = United States Department of Transp ERG = Emergency Response Guide TDG = Transport of Dangerous Goods, Car SCT = Transportation & Communications M IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous C IATA = International Air Transport Associati SARA = Superfund Amendments Reauthori EPCRA = Emergency Planning and Comm	ortation nada linistry, Mexico Goods ion zation Act

Notice to reader

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.